

-1- BASIC DOC.-

B65D31/10

(19)



European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets

(11) Publication number:

0 092 885

A1

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(21) Application number: 83200584.7

(51) Int. Cl.³: B 65 D 30/20

(22) Date of filing: 20.04.83

(30) Priority: 22.04.82 NL 8201684

(43) Date of publication of application:
02.11.83 Bulletin 83/44

(84) Designated Contracting States:
AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LI LU NL SE

(71) Applicant: WAVIN B.V.
Händellaan 251
NL-8031 EM Zwolle(NL)

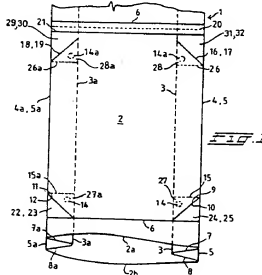
(72) Inventor: Loeffberg, Gustav Gerhard
5 Maanstigen
S-261 41 Landskrona(SE)

(74) Representative: van der Veken, Johannes Adriaan,
Ir. et al.
EXTERPATENT 3 & 4 Willem Witsenplein
NL-2596 BK The Hague(NL)

(54) A plastic bag with gusset folds and perforations.

(57) A plastic bag 1 with gusset fold parts 7, 8; 7a, 8a bounded by a central gusset fold edge 3, 3a and outer gusset fold edge 4, 5; 4a, 5a is provided with a transverse seal 6 and first fold part seals 9, 10, 11, 12 at either side of the bag. Perforations 14 are present in the first and second gusset fold parts 7, 8; 7a, 8a in the area bound by said first fold part seals 9, 10, 11, 12. Imaginary lines 15, 15a extend parallel to the transverse seal 6 and through the intersection of the first fold part seals and outer gusset fold edge 4, 5; 4a, 5a.

Similar perforations 14 may be present at the other side of the bag in the region of the gusset fold parts bound by the central gusset fold edge 3, 3a, second fold part seals 16, 17, 18, 19 and imaginary lines 26, 26a extending parallel to the transverse seal 6 and through the intersection of second fold part seals 16, 17, 18, 19 and outer fold edges 4, 5; 4a, 5a.



-1-

A plastic bag with gusset folds and perforations

The invention relates to a plastic bag with longitudinal gusset folds, each gusset fold comprising a central longitudinal gusset fold edge and two outer longitudinal gusset fold edges bounding a first and a second gusset fold part, at least one transverse seal extending across the width of the bag.

A plastic bag of this type is known in the art. Filling bags of this type presents the disadvantage that large quantities of gas from the gaseous medium as used for conveying the filling particles into the bag, are still present inbetween said filling particles. Said gas is apt to accumulate at certain points after having filled the bag, which may give rise to a bag of an irregular shape; this is the more inconvenient when bags of said type have to be stacked up to a high level.

Even when the respective bag is provided with venting means, said disadvantages will still occur to a great extent as said venting means are provided at the filling site of the bag.

The present invention aims to provide a plastic bag of the above-mentioned type which does not present said disadvantages and in which a proper venting is always ensured, whilst on the other hand the air-permeable apertures are protected by parts of the bag, upon stacking filled bags.

This object is attained according to the invention in that air-

permeable perforations preventing the passage of filler particles are provided in the region of the first and second gusset fold parts in such a manner that these perforations are covered by opposite ^{outer} portions of the first and second gusset fold parts

5 joining the transverse seal in the filled condition of the bag.

Although it is known per se to provide perforations in the wall of a plastic bag to form air-permeable apertures, said perforations are directly accessible from the outer side of the bag and

10 are not protected in the filled bag in any manner. Covering the perforations is, however, especially important to prevent water flowing over the perforations so that moisture would be able to penetrate into a filled bag. This danger especially exists when storing filled bags under important differences of temperature

15 between night and day, at which event dew is easily formed upon the bags.

As, according to the invention, the perforations are protected by first and second gusset fold parts situated between the transverse bottom seal as well as the two outer longitudinal gusset

20 fold edges, penetration of moisture through the perforations is substantially avoided.

A plastic bag according to the invention presents the advantage

25 that the air-permeable perforations in an unfilled bag are protected in the gusset folds, while in a filled bag said perforations are protected by portions of the gusset fold parts, thus ensuring an optimum protection of these perforations.

Advantageously, the perforations have dimensions comprised between 0,1 and 5 mm, more preferably 0,2 and 1,0 mm. The shape of said perforations may be arbitrary, for example, round, square or triangular.

35 In a very appropriate embodiment a plurality of plastic bags forms

-3-

a web of plastic bags, wherein each plastic bag can be easily removed from said web of plastic bags.

5 The plastic bag according to the invention is particularly suitable for packing materials such as artificial fertilizers, and the like. An important advantage of the use of small perforations is that air is able to escape from the inner side of the filled bag but moisture penetration from outside through the respective perforations is almost impossible.

10 The present invention will be illustrated with respect to an embodiment in the drawing, wherein

Figure 1 illustrates a web of plastic bags according to the invention;

Figure 2 is part of a filled bag of fig. 1 and

Figure 3 an exploded view of part of a plastic bag

Figure 1 illustrates a web of plastic bags, comprising plastic bags 2 with longitudinal gusset folds, each gusset fold comprising a central longitudinal gusset fold edge 3 as well as two outer longitudinal gusset fold edges 4 and 5. At the other side of the bag also a central longitudinal gusset fold edge 3a and two outer longitudinal gusset fold edges 4a, 5a are provided.

25 The plastic bag is sealed off by a transverse seal 6, extending across the entire width of the plastic bag and connecting the foil layers 2a and 2b as well as the gusset fold parts 7 and 7a, at one side and additionally, foil layers 2b with gusset fold parts 8 and 8a at the other side. In this manner an optimum seal is obtained.

30 To give a bag of this type an optimum block shape in the filled condition, first fold part seals 9, 10 are provided at one side of the bag and first fold part seals 11 and 12 at the other side of

35

-4-

the bag. The first fold part seal 9 connects the upper foil layer 2a with its subjacent gusset fold part foil layer 7, whilst the first fold part seal 10 connects the subjacent foil layer 2b with the gusset fold part foil layer 8.

5

On the other hand fold part seals 11 and 12 have been formed by uniting the upper foil layer 2a with the subjacent ^{lower} gusset fold part foil layer 7a and foil layer 2b with the subjacent upper gusset fold part layer 8a.

10

In order to obtain a good venting one or more perforations 14 are provided in the region of the inner gusset fold parts 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 8a respectively, bounded by first fold part seals 9, 10, 11, 12, central longitudinal gusset fold edges 3, 3a, and lines 15, 15a.

15

Line 15 extends across the gusset fold part 7, 8 from the central longitudinal gusset fold part 3 to the outer longitudinal gusset fold edges 4, 5.

20

At the other side of the bag said line 15a extends between the inner longitudinal gusset fold edge 3a and the outer longitudinal fold edges 4a, 5a. Obviously, lines 15 and 15a substantially extend parallel to said transverse seal 6.

25

Fig. 3 illustrates part of the exploded upper foil layer 2a and the subjacent gusset fold part 7a. A perforation 14 in the gusset fold part foil layer 8a is clearly shown.

30

The plastic bags in the web of plastic bags of fig. 1 are advantageously provided with second fold part seals 16, 17, 18, and 19. Providing another transverse seal entails that a filled plastic bag can be sealed off at that side so that likewise at that location a block shape can be given to the bag.

35

Wall weakenings 20 and incisions 21 allow each bag to be easily removed from the web of plastic bags and filled.

-5-

Fig. 2 is a perspective view of a filled bag; it can be clearly seen that the air permeable perforations 14 are protected by the parts 22, 23, 24 and 25 of the inner gusset fold parts situated between the fold part seals 9, 10, 11, 12 and the adjacent transverse seal 6, as well as the outer longitudinal gusset fold edges 4, 5, 4a, 5a respectively.

The first fold part seals 9, 10, 11, 12 respectively, diverge towards the other end of the bag whilst the second fold part seals 16, 17, 18, 19 also diverge towards the first end of the bag formed by the transverse seal 6.

It is recommended to provide bags of this type also with perforations 14 in the region of the gusset fold parts 7, 8, 7a, 8a bounded by second fold part seals 16, 17, 18, 19 and central longitudinal gusset fold edges 3, 3a, as well as lines 26 and 26a extending from the central longitudinal gusset fold edge to the outer longitudinal gusset fold edges 4, 5, 4a, 5a. Said lines 26, 26a extend parallel to a transverse seal 6 and end in the intersection of the second fold part seals 16, 17, 18, 19 with the outer longitudinal gusset fold edges 4, 5, 4a, 5a respectively.

The transverse seal 6 also is the bottom 6 of the bag.

The aforesaid imaginary lines 15 and 15a, extend through the intersections of first fold part seals 9, 10, 11, 12 and outer edges 4, 5 and 4a, 5a respectively.

It will be obvious that in a filled condition of the bag, the perforations 14 are covered by adjacent portions 26 of a first and second gusset fold part.

In case that the first fold part seals 9, 10, 11 and 12 are omitted, perforations 14 can evidently be provided in portions 27, 27a of the fold parts 7, 8 and 7a, 8a respectively bounded by the central longitudinal gusset fold edge 3, 3a and imaginary lines replacing

-6-

the first fold part seals 9, 10, 11, 12 and the imaginary lines 15, 15a.

5 When the second fold part seals 16, 17, 18, 19 are lacking, perforations 14a are provided in the portions 28, 28a of the gusset fold parts 7, 8 and 7a, 8a respectively. After filling and closing the bag by another transverse seal, the perforations 14 are protected by other parts 29, 30, 31 and 32 of the inner gusset fold parts situated between the second fold part seals 16, 17, 18
10 and 19 the adjacent transverse seal and outer longitudinal gusset fold edges 4, 5, 4a, 5a.

It is essential in the bag of the invention that the perforations 14 be present in the inner triangular part 27, 27a, 28, 28a of
15 a rectangle or square joining a transverse seal 6 and that the opposite outer triangular part 22, 23, 24, 25 of said rectangle or square covers the perforations 14 of a filled bag.

It is observed that the reference numerals in the claims are not
20 intended to restrict the scope thereof, but are only denoted for clarification.

-1-

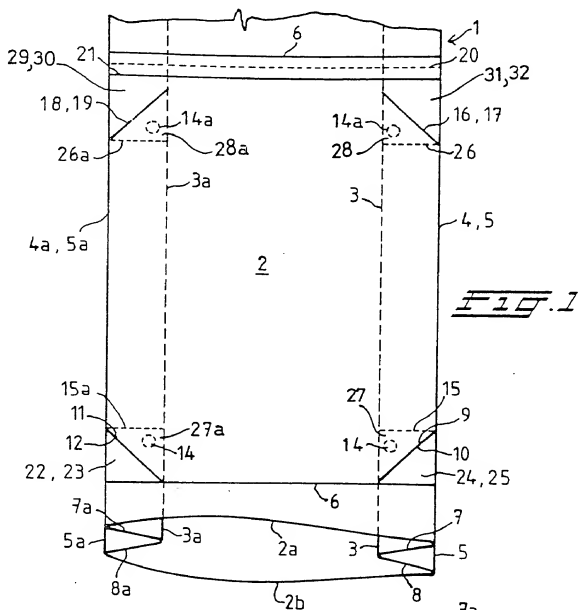
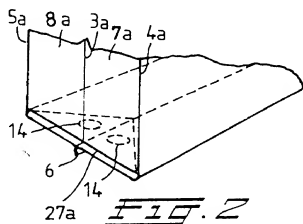
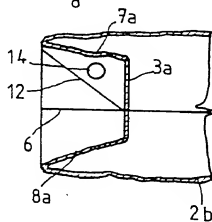
CLAIMS

1. A plastic bag with longitudinal gusset folds, each gusset fold comprising a central longitudinal gusset fold edge (3, 3a) and two outer longitudinal gusset fold edges (4, 5, 4a, 5a) bounding a first and second gusset fold part (7, 7a; 8, 8a) and at least one
5 transverse seal (6), characterized in that air-permeable perforations (14) preventing the passage of filler particles, are provided in the region of the first and second gusset fold parts (7, 7a, 8, 8a) in such a manner that these perforations are covered by opposite outer portions (22, 23, 24 and 25) of the first and
10 second gusset fold parts (7, 8, 7a, 8a) joining the transverse seal in the filled condition of the bag.
2. A plastic bag according to claim 1, characterized in that air-permeable perforations (14) preventing a passage of filler
15 particles are provided in the region of the first and second gusset fold parts (7, 8, 7a, 8a) bounded by first fold part seals (9, 10, 11, 12) at either side of the bag in the region of the said transverse seal, said fold part seals each connecting an outer foil layer with a subjacent outer gusset fold part foil layer and di-
20 verging towards the other end of the bag, central longitudinal gusset fold edges (3, 3a) and lines (15, 15a) extending between two outer (4, 5, 4a, 5a) and a central longitudinal gusset fold edge (3, 3a) and substantially parallel to the adjacent transverse seal (6) and extending through the intersection of the first fold part
25 seals (9, 10, 11, 12) and the outer longitudinal gusset fold edges (4, 5, 4a, 5a).
3. A plastic bag according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the size of the perforations (14) is comprised between 0,1
30 and 5 mm, more preferably 0,2 to 1,0 mm.
4. A plastic bag according to claims 1 to 3, characterized in that the plastic bags are interconnected and form a web of plastic bags (1) comprising wall weakenings between adjacent
35 bags (2).

-2-

5. A plastic bag according to any one or more of the preceding claims, characterized in that the plastic bag is provided with second fold part seals (16, 17, 18, 19) at the other end of the plastic bag (2).

- 5 6. A plastic bag according to any one or more of the preceding claims, characterized in that perforations (14a) are provided in the region of the inner gusset fold parts (7, 8, 7a, 8a) bounded by said second fold part seals (16, 17, 18, 19) and central longitudinal gusset fold edges (3, 3a) as well as a line
10 (26, 26a) extending parallel to a transverse seal (6) and through the intersection of the second fold part seals (16, 17, 18, 19) and the outer longitudinal gusset fold edges (4, 5, 4a, 5a).

FIG. 1FIG. 2FIG. 3



European Patent
Office

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

0092885
Application number

EP 83 20 0584

| DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Category | Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages | Relevant to claim | CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl. 3) |
| X | GB-A-1 152 463 (BRITISH VISQUEEN) * Page 1, lines 21-34, 57-77; page 2, lines 8-47; figures 1,2 * | 1 | B 65 D 30/20 |
| A | --- | 2,3,5,6 | |
| A | GB-A-1 162 013 (UNION CARBIDE CORP.) * Patent specification * | 2 | |
| A | --- NL-A-7 611 389 (WAVIN) * Page 3, line 20 - page 5, line 23; figures 1-4 * | 1-6 | |
| | ----- | | |
| | | | TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl. 3) |
| | | | B 65 D |
| The present search report has been drawn up for all claims | | | |
| Place of search THE HAGUE | | Date of completion of the search 14-07-1983 | Examiner VANTOMME M.A. |
| CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS | | | |
| X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document | | T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document | |